526 Rec'd PCT/PTO 19 JAN 2001

FORMPTO-1390 U.S DEPAR (REV 12-29-99)	TMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER ' FILED: JANUARY 19, 2001		
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES		500.39441X00		
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)		U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5)		
CONCERNING A FILIN	NG UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371	09/744020		
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE	PRIORITY DATE CLASSIED		
PCT/JP00/01575	20 March 2000 (20.03.00)			
TITLE OF INVENTION JOB IDENTI	FYING METHOD AND APPARATU	IAN 1 9 2001		
	SE, Hideto and HIRABAYASHI, Mot	(M)		
Applicant herewith submits to the United State	es Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the follo	owing items and other interestion:		
1. X This is a FIRST submission of item	ns concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.			
	NT submission of items concerning a filing under	r 35 U.S.C. 371.		
This express request to begin nation	nal examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at a	my time rather than delay		
examination until the expiration of	the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) a Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th mo	and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).		
	lication as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))			
	(required only if not transmitted by the Inter	national Bureau).		
	y the International Bureau.	,		
	application was filed in the United States Reco	eiving Office (RO/US).		
6. A translation of the Internation	d Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)	(2)).		
7. Amendments to the claims of the	e International Application under PCT Articl	le 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))		
	h (required only if not transmitted by the Inte	ernational Bureau).		
	by the International Bureau.			
c. Lhave not been made; h	owever, the time limit for making such amend	dments has NOT expired.		
d have not been made and will not be made.				
8. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).				
9. X An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).				
	the International Preliminary Examination Re	eport under PCT Article 36		
(35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).				
Items 11. to 16. below concern docume				
11. An Information Disclosure Stat	ement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.			
12. X An assignment document for re	cording. A separate cover sheet in compliance	ee with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.		
13. A FIRST preliminary amendme	nt.			
☐ A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT	preliminary amendment.			
14. A substitute specification.				
1 _				
16. X Other items or information:				
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION AS FILED INTERNATION SEARCH REPORT W/ REFERENCES				
INFORMATION DISCLOSURES	HEET UNDER 37 CFR 1.56(A) W/ R	EFS.		
FIGS. 1-9				
CREDIT CARD PAYMENT FORM				

JC07 Rec'd PCT/PTO 1 9 JAN 2001

U.S. APPLICATION NO. GF	known, see 37 CFR 1 5) Ой/-7 ЦЦ-		TERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO CT/JP00/01575		$\int_{0}^{A^{\circ}}$	TTORNEY'S DOCK! 00.39441X	etnumber KOO
17 X The fol	lowing fees are	submitted:			CALC	ULATIONS	PTO USE ONLY
BASIC NATION	17. X The following fees are submitted: BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)):						
			tion fee (37 CFR 1.482) 5(a)(2)) paid to USPTO				
			red by the EPO or JPO · · · ·	\$970.00			
			(37 CFR 1.482) not paid to repared by the EPO or JPO	\$840.00			
1			(37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USI		ŀ		
international	search fee (37 C	CFR 1.445(a)	(2)) paid to USPTO	\$690.00			
but all claims	did not satisfy	provisions of	paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.48 f PCT Article 33(1)-(4)	\$670.00			
			paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.48 Article 33(1)-(4)	2) \$96.00			
	ENTER	APPROP	RIATE BASIC FEE AM	IOUNT =	\$	860.00	
			or declaration later than 20 20 (37 CFR 1.492(e)).	30	\$	0.00	
CLAIMS	NUMBER		NUMBER EXTRA	RATE			
Total claims	24	- 20 =	4	X \$18.00	\$	72.00	
Independent claims	 	- 3 =	1	X \$78.00	\$	80.00	
MULTIPLE DEP	ENDENT CLAIM	I(S) (if applica	ıble)	+ \$260.00	\$	270.00	
		TOTAL C	OF ABOVE CALCULAT	TIONS =	\$	1,282.00	
Reduction of 1/2			applicable. A Small Entity Stat 28).	ement	\$	0.00	
\$ 14 E			SUBT	OTAL =	\$	1,282.00	
Processing fee of	Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than 20 30 \$ months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)). + 0.00						
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =			\$	1,282.00			
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property				\$	40.00		
100				LOSED =	\$	1,322.00	
4					nt to be efunded:	\$	
						harged:	\$
a. X Axheels in the amount of \$1,322.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.							
b. L Please of A dupli	b. Please charge my Deposit Account No in the amount of \$ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.						
c. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 01-2135. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.							
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.							
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:							
Carl I. Brundidge SIGNAT			RE:				
Amton all: Towns Ctast & Wassa LLD			Brundi	dae			
1300 North		•		NAME	מווווווייב	ugo	
Suite 1800				29,621			
Arlington, V	/A 22209			-		/BER	
REGISTRATION NUMBER							

DESCRIPTION JC07 Rec'd PCT/PTO 7 9 JAN 2001

JOB IDENTIFYING METHOD AND APPARATUS

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a job identifying method in a client-server system and, in particular, to a job identifying method and a job identifying apparatus in which a job of which processing is requested can be easily identified at occurrence of a failure.

BACKGROUND ART

There has been known a job transfer scheme in which a batch job is entered from a computer to another computer to be executed therein. A batch job is useful in a situation in which while a job is being executed, it is desired to execute another job. When a job (an application) is entered, the job is once registered to a queue. After this point of time, another job (application) can be entered. A system having received the registered jobs sequentially obtains each of the jobs from the queue and executes the job. To implement a fixed and automatic job system to execute, for example, jobs in a daily or monthly interval such as a job of data summation, it is absolutely necessary to execute batch jobs of this kind.

To implement such a batch job execution system, a computer disposed as a server to execute

20

25

batch jobs is provided with a queue to which jobs are to be registered. The server computer assigns job identifiers (ID) to the jobs registered to the queue to control the jobs in a centralized way. When a computer arranged as a client registers a job to the server computer, the server computer returns the job identifier assigned to the job to the client computer. Thereafter, the client computer uses the job identifier to reference a status of the job, to terminate the job, and to change the job. The batch job execution system of this kind has been known.

JP-A-6-149739 describes an example in which a client sends a job request via e-mail to a job server, receives a job identifier from the job server, and then uses the job identifier for an enquiry of an execution status of the job.

The server computer assigns unique identifiers for the centralized control operation for the following reason. The identifiers are necessary to identify jobs registered from a plurality of clients.

DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

In the batch job execution system, the server computer assigns a job identifier to a job of which processing is requested by a client computer, and then the server computer returns the job identifier to the client computer. The client computer having issued the request uses thereafter the job identifier, for

example, to refer to a status of the job. Therefore, when a network failure or the like occurs before the server computer returns the job identifier to the client computer, the job identifier cannot be returned to the client computer in some cases. In this situation, the job identifier of the job is unknown to the client computer, and hence the client computer cannot obtain a status of the job having been registered to the server computer. Additionally, when the job identifier is not returned to the client computer, the server computer executes the job regardless of recognition of the condition by the client computer. Whether or not the job has been normally executed is unknown to the client computer.

15 In consequence, there arises a problem that the client computer enters the same job again and the job is twice executed.

At occurrence of such a situation, the operator confirms the jobs executed by the server computer to determine whether or not the pertinent job is to be again executed. If the job is to be again executed, the operator enters the job from the client computer.

The job identifier becomes unknown because of
a network failure, a failure in the server computer, or
a failure in the client computer. Particularly, in a
system using the internet, failures may possibly occur
depending on communication quality of the network

and/or concentrated accesses issued from many users to the server computer.

It is therefore an object of the present invention in which in a job transfer scheme between computers, even when a job identifier of a job is not returned to a client computer due to, for example, a network failure, the client computer can recognize a status of the job.

To achieve the object according to the 10 present invention, there is provided a job transfer method in which a client sends a job processing request to a server to register the job for execution thereof. The job transfer method includes the steps of creating a unique external identifier of a job in the client, 15 placing the external identifier created for the job in the request and transmitting the request from the client to the server, registering the external identifier of the job together with the job in the server, the external identifier being transmitted from 20 the client; placing, when the client sends a request to the server to refer to a status of the job, the job external identifier in the request and transmitting the job external identifier from the client to the server, identifying by the server a job according to the job external identifier sent from the client, and transmitting the status of the job thus identified from the server to the client.

Through the above-mentioned procedure, the

job external identifier can be registered to the server computer simultaneously at the registration of the job from the client. This consequently removes the disadvantage in which only the job is registered and the job of which processing has been requested from the client computer cannot be recognized due to a network failure or the like.

According to the present invention, at least one of the external job identifier of a job of which

10 processing is requested to the server and the job includes an identifier of the client such as an internet protocol (IP) address. Therefore, the external identifier can be uniquely assigned in a case in which a plurality of clients exist.

Resultantly, even if same external identifiers are used by a plurality of clients to register jobs, the server can uniquely identify each job.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

20 Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing a configuration example of a system according to the present invention.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram showing a configuration example including a client and a server.

Fig. 3 is a diagram showing communication data formats.

Fig. 4 is a diagram showing communication

data.

Fig. 5 is a diagram showing an operation sequence in which a client sends a processing request to a server.

Fig. 6 is a diagram showing an operation sequence in which delivery of a response data stream (referred to as RES hereafter) is set while the server is in process.

Fig. 7 is a flowchart showing a request 10 analysis procedure.

Fig. 8 is a diagram showing a display example of job statuses.

Fig. 9 is a block diagram showing an example in which the present invention is applied to an electronic commerce system.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

Referring to the drawings, description will be given of an embodiment according to the present invention.

20 Fig. 1 shows an example of a system configuration according to the present invention in a block diagram. The system of Fig. 1 includes a server computer 101 and client computers 102 to 105. The server computer 101 and the client computers 102 to 105 are connected to a network to communicate various information therebetween. Each client computer can achieve a processing in which the client computer

registers a job 106 to the server computer, the server computer executes the job in a batch processing manner, and results of the processing are returned to the client computer. In the registration of a job, a program executing instruction, and job information 107 which are described in a job control language or script are transferred to the server computer.

The server computer and the respective client computers may use mutually different operating systems. The client computers may include various types of 10 clients such as a job launcher client 108 and a www browser client 109. The job registration may be conducted using a predetermined application program interface 111 from a user program 110 of any type. To 15 register a job from a client computer to a server computer, there may be used, for example, an operation to input a predetermined command or an operation to instruct the registration using a predetermined graphical user interface (GUI). The job registered to the server computer is once registered to a queue 112. 20 The client computer can issue an enquiry to the server computer to refer to an execution status of the job, to terminate the job, or to change the job. registration of a job, the client computer receives a 25 job identifier 113 corresponding to the job from the server computer. The job identifier is assigned by the server computer. By specifying a job identifier 114, the client computer can issue an enquiry to the server

computer to receive a status 115 of the job therefrom. The client computer can display the status on a screen 116 of the client computer.

Fig. 2 shows a configuration including a

5 client and a server for the job registration method and the job identification method. A client 201 includes a command analyzer 202, a request generator 203, an external identifier manager 204, an external identifier storage 205, a response receiver 206, and a status

10 display 207. A server 208 includes a job identifier manager 209, a job identifier storage 210, a request receiver 211, a response transmitter 212, a queue controller 213, an execution controller 215, a queue storage 216, a identifier control table 217 stored in the job identifier storage 210, and a queue control table 218 stored in the queue storage 216.

The request generator 203 of the client 201 generates a request data stream (REQ) according to an instruction from the user. When the user indicates

"registration", the request generator 203 adds an external identifier, assigned by the external identifier manager 204, to the REQ and then sends the REQ to the request receiver 211 of the server 208. The external identifier includes a host identifier to

identify the client and a control number of the client. The external identifier is stored in the external identifier storage 205 and will be used later if the client become inoperable due to a failure thereof. The

external identifier is not assigned using a particular value when the client is re-started, but is generated by the client using data of the date and/or a sequential number. The external identifier is assigned to prevent duplication thereof with any existing identifier already in use.

The request receiver 211 of the server 208 analyzes the request data stream received from the client 201 to execute processing for each request type 10 of the request data stream. The request type includes "registration", "termination", "change", "reference", and "enquiry". When the request received by the request receiver 211 indicates "registration", the job identifier manager 209 assigns a job identifier thereto 15 and acquires a job identifier stored in the identifier table 217 of the job identifier storage 210 with a correspondence established between the job identifier and the external identifier. The request receiver 211 adds the job identifier to job information, and the queue controller 213 registers the job information to 20 the queue storage 216. The job information is controlled using the queue control table 218. The job information in the request data stream for the registration includes a job name, an execution program 25 name, parameters and environmental variables necessary for the execution. The job identifier is stored in the job identifier storage 210 and is controlled such that the job identifier includes a unique value in any

situation. After the job is registered, the response transmitter 212 returns a response data stream (RES) to the response receiver 206 of the client 201. The response data stream includes the job identifier.

The status display section 207 of the client 5 201 generates a request data stream for "reference". The request data stream includes a job identifier of a job for the reference request. Having received the reference request, the request receiver 211 of the server 208 issues an enquiry for an execution status of 10 the job via the queue controller 213 to the execution controller 215. The execution controller 213 acquires an execution status of the job from the queue control table 218 in the queue storage 216 and sends a response 15 data stream via the response transmitter 212 to the response receiver 206 of the client 201. The response data stream includes the job execution status and job information. The received response data stream is passed to the status display section 207, which then displays the status of the job on its screen.

When the client 201 cannot receive the job identifier due to, for example, a network failure, the client 201 uses an external identifier to issue an enquiry for the job. For a job of which the job identifier is unknown, the request generator 203 of the client 201 generates a request data stream to send an enquiry for the job identifier. The request data stream includes the external job identifier of the job.

Having received the enquiry for the job identifier, the request receiver 211 of the server 208 issues an associated request to the job manager 209. The job identifier manager 209 acquires the job identifier of the job from the identifier control table 217 and then the response transmitter 212 sends a response data stream to the response receiver 206 of the client 201. The response data stream includes the job identifier. Having received the job identifier, the response receiver 206 can ask the request generator 203, using the job identifier, to generate a request for the execution status of the job.

Fig. 3 shows a format of data communicated between the client and the server. Fig. 4 shows an example of communication data between the client and the server. A request data stream includes a header field 301 and a body field 302. The header field 301 includes a general header field 303 and a request header field 304. The body field 302 includes a request body field 305 including request data parameters and the like.

In the request data stream for "registration" shown in Fig. 4, an identifier indicating a type of the data stream, i.e., "request" 401 is set to the general header field 303 in this case. An identifier of a request type, i.e., "submit" 402 for the registration is set to the request header field 304 in this case.

Moreover, an external identifier 403 and job

information 404 are set to the request body field 305.

For a request data stream for the enquiry of a job identifier, an identifier indicating the type of the data stream, i.e., "request" 405 is set to the general header field 303 in this case. An identifier of a request type, i.e., "getid" 406 for the "job identifier enquiry" is set to the request header field 304 in this case. Moreover, an external identifier 407 is set to the request body field 305.

10 For a request data stream for "reference", an identifier of the data stream, i.e., "request" 408 is set to the general header field 303 in this case. An identifier of the request type, i.e., "show" 409 for the reference is set to the request header field 304 in this case. Moreover, a job identifier 410 is set to the request body field 305.

The response data stream includes a header field 306 and a body field 307. The header field 306 includes a general header field 308 and a response

20 header field 309. The body field 307 includes a response body field 310 including response data parameters and the like.

For a response data stream for

"registration", an identifier indicating a type of the

25 data stream "response" 411 is set to the general header

field 308 in this case. An identifier of a response

type, i.e., "submit" 412 for the registration is set to

the response header field 309 in this case. Moreover,

the response body field 312 includes a job identifier 413.

For a response data stream for an enquiry of a job identifier, an identifier of the data stream, i.e., "response" is set to the general header field 308 in this case. An identifier of a response type, i.e., "getid" for the job identifier enquiry is set to the response header field 309 in this case. Moreover, the response body field 310 includes a job identifier 416.

For a response data stream for "reference", an identifier indicating the type of the data stream, i.e., "response" 417 is set to the general header field 308 in this case. An identifier of a response type, i.e., "show" 418 for the reference is set to the response header field 309 in this case. Moreover, the 15 response body field 310 includes a job status 419 and job information 420.

Fig. 5 shows a sequence of operation for the client to issue a processing request to the server. register a job to the server, the client registers an 20 external identifier within the client (step 501) and issues a job registration request (step 502). For the request, the client sets the external identifier to the request data stream (503). Having received the request data stream, the server analyzes the request (step 504) and registers a job identifier within the server (step 507). From when the client issues the job registration request to when the server conducts the job identifier

registration (indicated by an arrow A in Fig. 5), the client can issue an enquiry regarding the job to the server using the external identifier. In the example of Fig. 5, the client issues an enquiry using a request data stream including an external identifier designated by the client and the server returns a response data stream including a status of the job to the client (step 506).

If the server has already registered the job identifier (step 507), the server receives the enquiry using the external identifier from the client (step 508) and sets the registered job identifier to a response data stream (506) and then returns the response data stream to the client. Having received the response data stream thereafter, the client can issue an enquiry for the job using the job identifier.

For a job status enquiry issued with a job identifier from the client (steps 511, 514, and 517), the server returns a response data stream (512) indicating a queuing status to the client if the job has been registered to the queue (step 510). If the job is in execution (step 513), the server sends a response data stream (515) indicating that the job is in execution to the client.

25 After the job is completely processed and the server sends results of the processing to the client (step 516), the server sends a response data stream (518) indicating a status of termination to the client.

In this example, the client having received the job status displays the results of processing on a screen (step 519).

During a period of time in which information

5 regarding the job is being kept in the server

(indicated by an arrow B in Fig. 5) after the server

registers the job identifier, the client can issue a

request for the job using the job identifier to the

server. In the period indicated by the arrow B, the

10 client can also use the external identifier for the

enquiry.

Fig. 6 shows an example in which a response data stream is sent to the client when the server is in process.

15 At a job registration request (step 602), the client can set a mode in which at start or termination of each processing, the server informs the client of a status of the job, using a response data stream. becomes possible when the client sets information, for 20 example, of a client to which the status is to be informed and a port number associated with the client, to job information of a request data stream (603) at the job registration request. By appropriately setting the job information, the client can also select a condition to inform the client of the job status, the 25 condition indicating a status of processing in the server.

In the example of Fig. 6, the client sets an

external identifier (step 601) to send the external identifier using a request data stream (603) of a registration request (step 602); moreover, a status of the job is informed to a requester of the job at registration of a job identifier (step 605), at registration of a queue (step 607), at execution of processing (step 609), and at delivery of results of processing. Therefore, necessary information of a status of the job can be obtained as a default value without delivering a request data stream from the client to the server in this example, and hence the network load can be reduced. Additionally, when necessary, using the external identifier or the job identifier, an enquiry to the server can be issued for necessary information of the job.

Fig. 7 shows a request analysis procedure in a flowchart. In a request waiting state (step 701), when a request is received, processings are assigned for each request type (step 702). For a registration request, a job identifier is assigned (step 703) and is stored in the identifier storage with a correspondence established between the job identifier and an external identifier. Furthermore, a job specified by the request is registered together with the job identifier to a queue (step 704). After the job is registered to the queue, the assigned job identifier is returned to the client (step 705).

For a job identifier enquiring request, the

job identifier manager 209 retrieves a job for an external identifier specified in the request by referring to the identifier control table 217 in the job identifier storage 210 (step 706). When the job is detected, the job identifier manager 209 acquires a job identifier for the job (step 707) and returns the job identifier to the client (708).

For a reference request, the queue controller 213 retrieves a job using a job identifier specified in the request (step 709). When the job is detected, the queue controller 213 acquires job information of the job from the queue control table 218 in the queue storage 216 (step 710) and returns the job information to the client (step 711).

15 Fig. 8 shows an example of job statuses displayed in a client. This is a display example of a table including a job identifier 801, a job name 802, a job status 803, and an external identifier 804. Using this table, the user can recognize execution statuses 20 of the registered jobs.

Fig. 9 is an embodiment in which the present invention is applied to an electronic commerce system. In an operation to order items from a customer computer 902 to an order receiving computer 901, the customer computer 902 delivers order information 913 via an internet 903 to the order receiving computer 901. The order information 913 includes unique information 913 such as a customer registration number, an order

identifier 915 to uniquely identify each order of the customer from the customer computer, and order contents information 916 specifying an item name of the ordered item, the number of items, specifications of the item, 5 and the like. The order receiving computer 901 conducts operations, for example, receives the order (step 905), registers the order (906), and confirms the stock (step 907). However, since a system failure may occur due to communication quality of the internet 10 and/or a concentrated load of a large number of accesses to the order receiving computer, the order information 913 transmitted from the customer is not necessarily registered in the order receiving computer Therefore, by delivering an identifier including 901. the unique information 914 and the order identifier 15 information 915 delivered together with the order information 913 to the order receiving computer 901, it is possible to prevent the problem in which an item is twice ordered or an item ordered cannot be delivered.

20 INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

As above, according to the present invention, since a job identifier registered by the client computer can be recognized by the server computer, the server computer can thereafter cope with a request from the client computer. This removes the disadvantage that a job is missed due to a network failure or the like.

CLAIMS

- 1. A processing status enquiry method of inquiring a status of processing executed by another computer, comprising the steps of:
- sending a processing which a first computer requests a second computer to perform and a first identifier of the processing to the second computer; and

sending the first identifier to the second computer when the first computer inquires the second computer of a status of the processing requested.

2. A processing status enquiry method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of generating by the first computer a first identifier and storing by 15 the first computer the first identifier on a hard disk

connected to the first computer.

- 3. A processing status enquiry method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the first identifier and said processing includes information unique to said first computer.
- 4. A processing status enquiry method according to claim 3, wherein said unique information is an internet protocol (IP) address of the first computer.
- 5. A processing status enquiry method according to claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

generating by the second computer a second identifier corresponding to a processing request received from the first computer and sending the second

identifier to the first computer; and

inquiring, by the first computer, the second computer of a status of said processing using at least one of the first and second identifiers.

- 5 6. A processing status enquiry method according to claim 1, wherein when the first computer requests the second computer to perform the processing, it is possible, even without any enquiry from the first computer, to specify information regarding a status of the processing for which the second computer notifies the status of the processing.
- 7. A processing status enquiry method according to claim 1, wherein when the first computer requests the second computer to perform the processing, it is possible to specify information regarding a notification destination to which the second computer notifies a status of the processing.
- A processing status enquiry system for inquiring a status of processing executed by another
 computer, comprising:
 - a first computer for sending a processing which the first computer requests a second computer to perform and a first identifier corresponding to said processing, to the second computer; and
- a second computer notifying, in response to an status inquiry of the processing which is received from the first computer and which includes the first identifier, a status of the processing to the first

computer.

- 9. A processing status enquiry client computer for inquiring a status of processing performed by a server computer, comprising:
- an identifier generating section for generating a first identifier corresponding to a processing for which an enquiry is issued to the server computer; and

an enquiry section for sending, upon

10 inquiring the server computer of a status of the
processing, the first identifier to the server
computer.

- 10. A processing status enquiry client computer according to claim 9, wherein at least one of the first identifier and said processing includes information unique to said client.
 - 11. A processing status enquiry client computer according to claim 10, wherein said unique information is an IP address of said client computer.
- 20 12. A sever computer responsive to a processing status enquiry from a client computer, comprising:

a receiving section receiving a first identifier corresponding to a processing which is requested from the client computer;

an information acquiring section acquiring, in response to a status enquiry for the processing which is received from the client computer and which includes the first identifier, information regarding a

status of said processing corresponding to the first identifier; and

a transmitting section sending the information to the client computer.

5 13. A server computer responsive to a processing status enquiry according to claim 12, further comprising:

an identifier generating section for generating a second identifier corresponding to said 10 processing; and

a transmitting section for sending the second identifier to the client computer.

- 14. A server computer responsive to a processing status enquiry according to claim 13, wherein:
- said receiving section receives at least one of the first and second identifiers;

said information acquiring section acquires information regarding a state of processing corresponding to said identifier; and

- said transmitting section sends said information to the client computer.
 - 15. A server computer responsive to a processing status enquiry according to claim 12, further comprising a transmitting section for sending the
- 25 status of the processing to the client computer if the status has been changed.
 - 16. A server computer responsive to a processing status enquiry according to claim 12, further

- 17. A server computer responsive to a processing
 5 status enquiry according to claim 12, wherein said
 server computer is an order receiving computer in an
 electronic commerce system.
- 18. A recording medium storing thereon a computer-readable program for implementing the method according to claims 1 to 7.

THE PARTY WAS ASSESSED TO THE PARTY WAS THE

FIG. 1

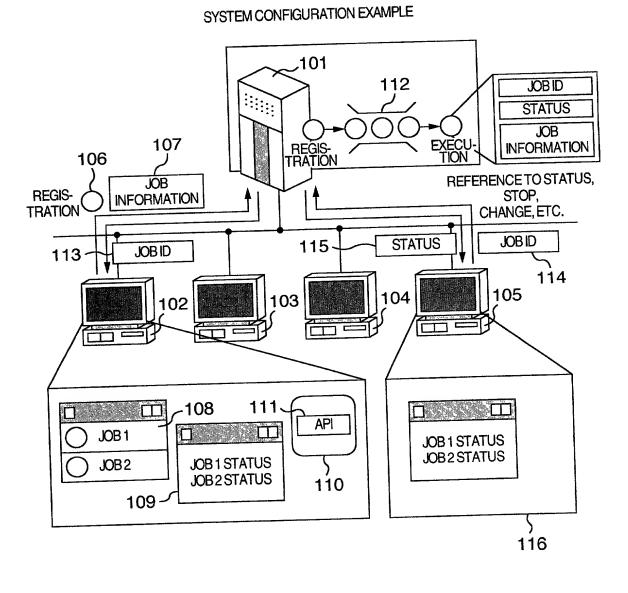


FIG. 2
CONFIGURATION EXAMPLE OF CLIENT AND SERVER

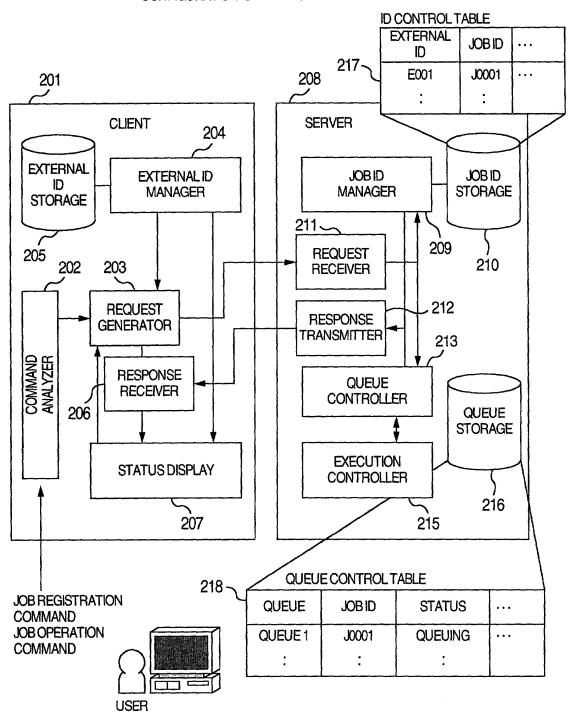


FIG. 3
COMMUNICATION DATA FORMAT

<request datas<="" th=""><th>TREAM> _301</th><th></th></request>	TREAM> _301	
HE	ADER FIELD	BODY FIELD
GENERAL HEADER FIELD	REQUEST HEADER FIELD	REQUEST BODY FIELD
303	304	305

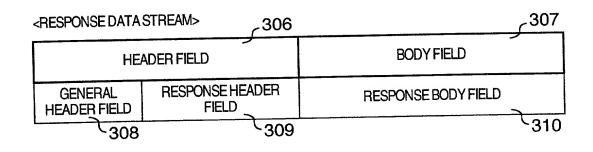


FIG. 4
COMMUNICATION DATA EXAMPLE

⟨REQUEST DATA STREAM⟩

REQUEST	SUBMIT	EXTERNALID	JOB INFORMATION
401	402	⁽ 403	404
REQUEST	GETID	EXTERNALID	
405	406	407	
REQUEST	SHOW	JOB ID	
408	409	¹ 410	

<RESPONSE DATA STREAM>

RESPONSE	SUBMIT	JOB ID	
RESPONSE	JODIVIT	ماطمه	
411	412	413	
RESPONSE	GETID	JOB ID	
414	415	⁽ 416	
RESPONSE	SHOW	STATUS	JOB INFORMATION
417	418	419	420

FIG. 5

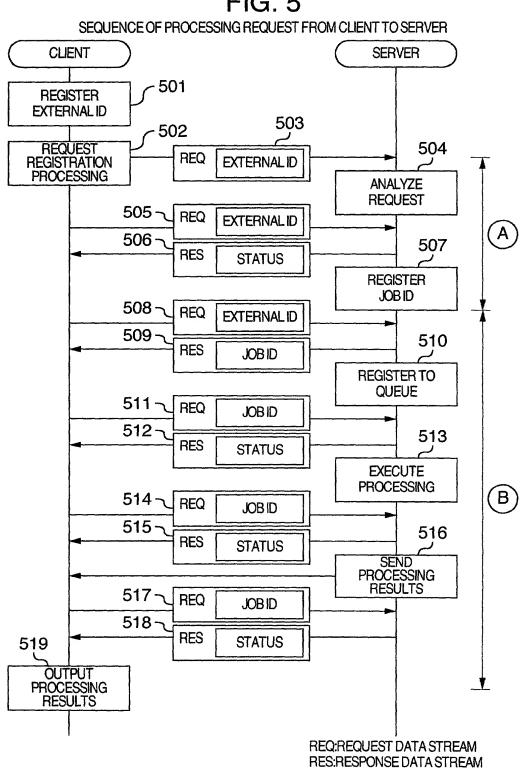


FIG. 6

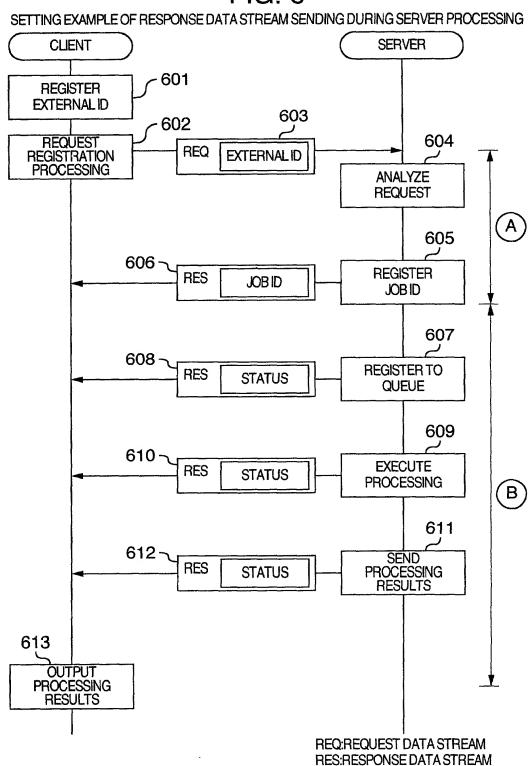


FIG. 7

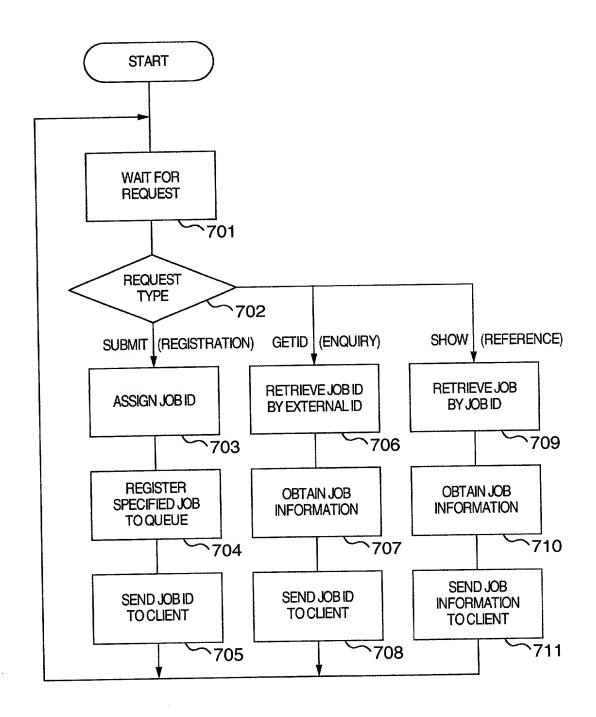
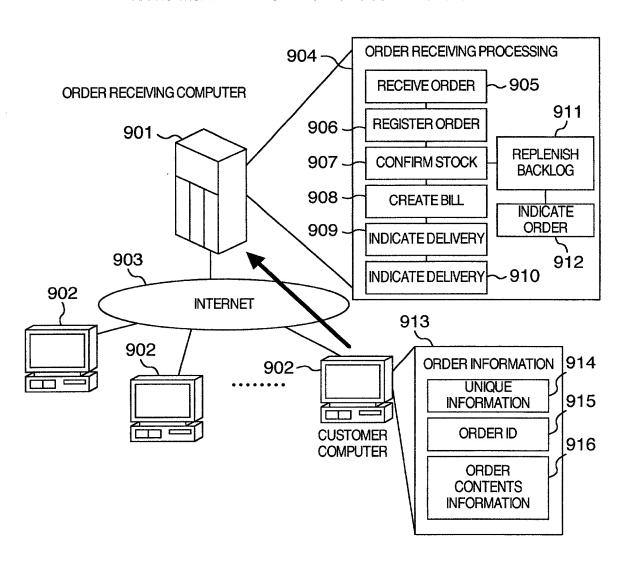


FIG. 8
DISPLAY EXAMPLE OF JOB STATUS

JOBID	JOB NAME	STATUS	EXTERNAL ID
00000001	Job program A	Waiting	HostA0000001
00000002	Job program B	Executing	HostB0000001
00000003	Job program A	Holding	HostA00000002
00000004	Job program A	Waiting	HostA0000003
00000005	Job program B	Waiting	HostB00000002
00000006	Job program C	Executing	HostC00000001
801	802	803	804
		: : :	

FIG. 9

APPLICATION EXAMPLE OF ELECTRONIC COMMERCE SYSTEM



特許出願宣言書及び委任状

Japanese Language Declaration

日本語宣言書

下記の氏名の発明者として、私は以下の通り宣言します。	As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:
私の住所、私書箱、国籍は下記の私の氏名の後に記載された 通りです。	My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.
下記の名称の発明に関して請求範囲に記載され、特許出願している発明内容について、私が最初かつ唯一の発明者(下記の氏名が一つの場合)もしくは最初かつ共同発明者であると(下記の名称が複数の場合)信じています。	I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled
	"JOB IDENTIFYING METHOD AND APPARATUS"
上記発明の明細書(下記の欄で×印がついていない場合は、 本書に添付)は、	The specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:
□月日に提出され、米国出願番号または特許協定条約 国際出願番号をとし、 (該当する場合)とに訂正されました。	was filed on March 15, 2000 as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number PCT/JP00/01575 and was amended on (if applicable).
私は、特許請求範囲を含む上記訂正後の明細書を検討し、内容を理解していることをここに表明します。	I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.
私は、連邦規則法典第37編第1条56項に定義されるとおり、特許資格の有無について重要な情報を開示する義務があることを認めます。	I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.
	111

Burden Hour Statement This form is estimated to take 0.4 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231 DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, DC 20231

Japanese Language Declaration

(日本語宣言書)

私は、米国法典第35編119条 (a)-(d) 項又は365条(b) 項に基き下記の、米国以外の国の少なくとも一カ国を指定している特許協力条約365 (a) 項に基ずく国際出願、又は外国での特許出願もしくは発明者証の出願についての外国優先権をここに主張するとともに、優先権を主張している、本出願の前に出願された特許または発明者証の外国出願を以下に、枠内をマークすることで、示している。

Prior Foreign Application(s)
外国での先行出願

(Number) (Country) (国名)

(Number) (Country) (国名)

私は、第35編米国法典119条 (e) 項に基いて下記の米国 特許出願規定に記載された権利をここに主張いたします。 I hereby claim foreign priority under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 (a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Priority Not Claimed 優先権主張なし (Day/Month/Year Filed) (出願年月日)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application No.) (出願番号) (Filing Date) (出願日) (Application No.) (出願番号)

(Filing Date) (出願日)

私は、下記の米国法典第35編120条に基いて下記の米国特許出願に記載された権利、又は米国を指定している特許協力条約365条 (c) に基ずく権利をここに主張します。また、本出願の各請求範囲の内容が米国法典第35編112条第1項又は特許協力条約で規定された方法で先行する米国特許出願に開示されていない限り、その先行米国出願書提出日よでの期間中に入手された、連邦規則法典第37編1条56項で定義された特許資格の有無に関する重要な情報について開示義務があることを認識しています。

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of application.

(Application No.) (出願番号)

(Filing Date) (出願日) (Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned) (現況:特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

(Application No.) (出願番号) (Filing Date) (出願日) (Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned) (現況:特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

私は、私自身の知識に基ずいて本宣言書中で私が行なう表明が真実であり、かつ私の入手した情報と私の信じるところに基ずく表明が全て真実であると信じていること、さらに故意になされた虚偽の表明及びそれと同等の行為は米国法典第18編第1001条に基ずき、罰金または拘禁、もしくはその両方により処罰されること、そしてそのような故意による虚偽の声明を行なえば、出願した、又は既に許可された特許の有効性が失われることを認識し、よってここに上記のごとく宣誓を致します。

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Japanese Language Declaration (日本語宣言書)

委任状: 私は下記の発明者として、本出願に関する一切の手続きを米特許商標局に対して遂行する弁理士または代理人として、下記の者を指名いたします。(弁護士、または代理人の氏名及び登録番号を明記のこと)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)



Donald R. Antonelli, Reg. No. 20,296;—David T. Terry, Reg. No. 20,178; Melvin Kraus, Reg. No. 22,466; William I. Solomon, Reg. No. 28,565; Gregory E. Montone, Reg. No. 28,141; Ronald J. Shore, Reg. No. 28,577; Donald E. Stout, Reg. No. 26,422; Alan E. Schiavelli, Reg. No. 32,087; James N. Dresser, Reg. No. 22,973 and Carl I. Brundidge, Reg. No. 29,621

書類送付先

Send Correspondence to:

Antonelli, Terry, Stout & Kraus, LLP
Suite 1800

1300 North Seventeenth Street

Arlington, Virginia 22209

直接電話連絡先: (氏名及び電話番号)

Direct Telephone Calls to: (name and telephone number)

Telephone: (703) 312-6600 Fax: (703) 312-6666

唯一または第一発明者		Full name of sole or first inventor Hideto KUROSE
発明者の署名	日付	Inventor's signature Date Hideto Kurose 10 / 13 / 2000
住所		Residence
		Yokohama, Japan
国籍		Citizenship
•		Japan
私書箱		Post Office Address
		c/o Hitachi, Ltd., Intellectual Property Group
		New Marunouchi Bldg. 5-1, Marunouchi 1-chome,
		Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8220, Japan

(第二以降の共同発明者についても同様に記載し、署名をする こと) (Supply similar information and signature for second and subsequent joint inventors.)

二共同発明者	Full name of second joint inventor, if any
21 42 m	Motoaki HIRABAYASHI
第二共同発明者の署名 日付	Second inventor's signature Date
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Morevaki Harabayashi 10/13/2006
注所	Residence
1.//	Yokohama, Japan
国籍	Citizenship
<u></u>	Japan
私書箱	Post Office Address
以音相	c/o Hitachi, Ltd., Intellectual Property Group
	New Marunouchi Bldg. 5-1, Marunouchi 1-chome,
	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8220, Japan
-#5%	Full name of third joint inventor, if any
第三共同発明者	f dis flattic of time joint involtor, it any
第三共同発明者の署名 日付	Third inventor's signature Date
Married Marrie	<u> </u>
住所	Residence
	Citizenship
三 7日 ·	
私書箱	Post Office Address
	c/o Hitachi, Ltd., Intellectual Property Group
	New Marunouchi Bldg. 5-1, Marunouchi 1-chome,
	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8220, Japan
第四共同発明者	Full name of fourth joint inventor, if any
第四共同発明者の署名 日付	Fourth inventor's signature Date
<u> 毎四米四</u> 光明有の有句 ロリ	1 oditi i i i volito i o ogracia o
住所	Residence
国籍	Citizenship
私書箱	Post Office Address
化分画作	c/o Hitachi, Ltd., Intellectual Property Group
	New Marunouchi Bldg. 5-1, Marunouchi 1-chome,
	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8220, Japan
第五共同発明者	Full name of fifth joint inventor, if any
	Detail De
第五共同発明者の署名 日付	Fifth inventor's signature Date
住所	Residence
国籍	Citizenship
私書箱	Post Office Address

(第六以降の共同発明者についても同様に記載し、署名をする こと)

(Supply similar information and signature for sixth and subsequent joint inventors.)

'lease type a plus sign (+) inside this box →	+
---	---

*lease type a plus sign (+) inside this box \rightarrow + Approved for use through 6/30/99. OMB 0651-0035

Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

البوعة	CHANGE O	F
CORRE	SPONDENCE	ADDRESS
	Application	

Address to: **Assistant Commissioner for Patents** Washington, D.C. 20231

Application Number	09/744020
Filing Date	JANUARY 19, 2001
First Named Inventor	KUTROSE ET AL.
Group Art Unit	
Examiner Name	
Attorney Docket Number	500.39441X00

0:		Number	ce Address for 020457		dentified	application	O20457 PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE
Firm or Individual Name							
Address							
Address							
City :					State		ZIP
Country							
Telephone					Fax	c	
This form cannot be used to change the data associated with a Customer Number. To change the data associated with an existing Customer Number use "Request for Customer Number Data Change" (PTO/SB/124).							
] /	Applicant.					
	Assignee of record of the entire interest. Certificate under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.						
X) A	ttorney or	agent of reco	rd .			
Typed or Printed Name		CARL I	. BRUNDIDGE		Re	egistratio	on NO. 29,621
Signature	(4					
Date		JANUAR	Y 19, 2001				-

Burden Hour Statement: This form is estimated to take 0.2 hours to complete. Time will vary depending upon the needs of the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you are required to complete this form should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, DC 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.